"Maximize Innovation Success"



Al enabled Innovation...how to predict next Innovation?

Eugene Roytburg, Ph.D. Managing Partner, Fractal Analytics Inc. **Avishek Singh**, Principal, Fractal Analytics, Inc.

June 7, 2018 Chicago, IL,



About me... Eugene Roytburg, Ph.D. Managing Partner at Fractal Analytics

Overall Background

- Thought leader in bringing Science, Foresight Analytics, and Consulting to business problem solving and decision making
- Over **25 years** of experience of developing **predictive and foresight analytics** based solutions, processes and technologies to address variety of problems, from engineering to social to business
- Managing Partner of **Fractal Analytics** (**4i** was acquired in June 2017), leader in foresight driven growth strategy and analytics helping clients identify, develop and sustain **future growth and innovation**
- Ph.Ds. in Systems Engineering from Minnesota and Applied Mathematics from Moldova University. Studied MBA at Kellogg Graduate School of Management, emphasis on strategy, operation and innovation

Work Experience

- **25 years** of corporate (CNH, SPSS, Nielsen), academic (Russia, Moldova) and consulting experience (Booz, A.T. Kearney, 4i)
- Worked with more than 60 companies on key issues ranging from market growth strategy, marketing,
 innovation to analytics and data strategies, transformation and process development
- Frequent presenter and keynote speaker on same topics at more than 15 conferences annually

fracta

Storyline

- Why predicting innovation is important topic?
- Before we get into this, I will define a few things
 - what is analytics, predictive analytics and AI
 - what does it mean to predict innovation?
- I will discuss Predictive Innovation process...
- ...and will share a few examples
- I will finish with some key principles for how to improve Innovation Success

Could we have predicted these products?













Companies spend up to 15% of Sales on Innovation...

Top 20 R&D Spenders

Rank in 2017	Rank in 2016	Change	Company	Geography	eography Industry		Revenue (US\$ Billions)	R&D Intensity
1	3	+2	Amazon.com, Inc.	Amazon.com, Inc. North America		16.1	136.0	11.8%
2	4	+2	Alphabet Inc.	et Inc. North America Softwa		13.9	90.3	15.5%
3	5	+2	Intel Corporation	North America	Computing and Electronics	12.7	59.4	21.5%
4	2	-2	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	South Korea	Computing and Electronics	12.7	167.7	7.6%
5	1	-4	Volkswagen AG	Europe	Auto	12.1	229.4	5.3%
6	6	NA	Microsoft Corporation	North America	Software and Internet	12.0	85.3	14.1%
7	7	NA	Roche Holding AG	Europe	Healthcare	11.4	51.8	21.9%
8	14	+6	Merck & Co., Inc.	North America	Healthcare	10.1	39.8	25.4%
9	11	+2	Apple Inc.	North America	Computing and Electronics	10.0	215.6	4.7%
10	8	-2	Novartis AG	Europe	Healthcare	9.6	49.4	19.4%
11	10	-4	Toyota Motor Corporation	Japan	apan Auto		247.5	3.8%
12	9	-3	Johnson & Johnson	North America	Healthcare	9.1	71.9	12.7%
13	13	NA	General Motors Company	North America	Auto	8.1	166.4	4.9%
14	12	-2	Pfizer Inc.	North America	Healthcare	7.9	52.8	14.9%
15	15	NA	Ford Motor Company	North America	Auto	7.3	151.8	4.8%
16	16	NA	Daimler AG	Europe	Auto	6.9	161.8	4.2%
17	20	+3	Oracle Corporation	North America	Software and Internet	6.8	37.7	18.1%
18	17	-4	Cisco Systems, Inc.	North America	Computing and Electronics	6.3	49.2	12.8%
19	23	+4	Honda Motor Co., Ltd. New	Japan	Auto	6.2	125.6	4.9%
20	27	+7	Facebook, Inc. New	North America	Software and Internet	5.9	27.6	21.4%
					Total	194.5	2217.0	8.8%

Companies in red have been among the top 20 R&D spenders every year since 2005 Source: Bloomberg data, Capital IQ data, 2017 Global Innovation 1000 study

fractaboo

\ ¢10EB **4-25%**

...and yet, they struggle to consistently launch successful products

90% of new products fail

Source: Fractal Analytics' Innovation Success Study 2017, 45 Companies (CPG, Retail, Pharma)

94% of execs not happy with innovation process

Source: McKinsey

84% of execs agree Innovation is key to Growth

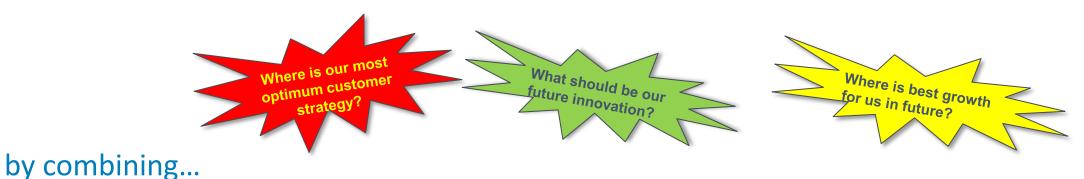
Source: McKinsey

So, how we can use Analytics/AI for improve Innovation Success?



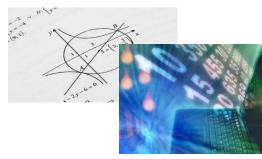
Let's define Analytics first

Helping making optimum **decision** via addressing **business issues**...



Business knowledge...





...with math and data... ...and keeping future in mind...



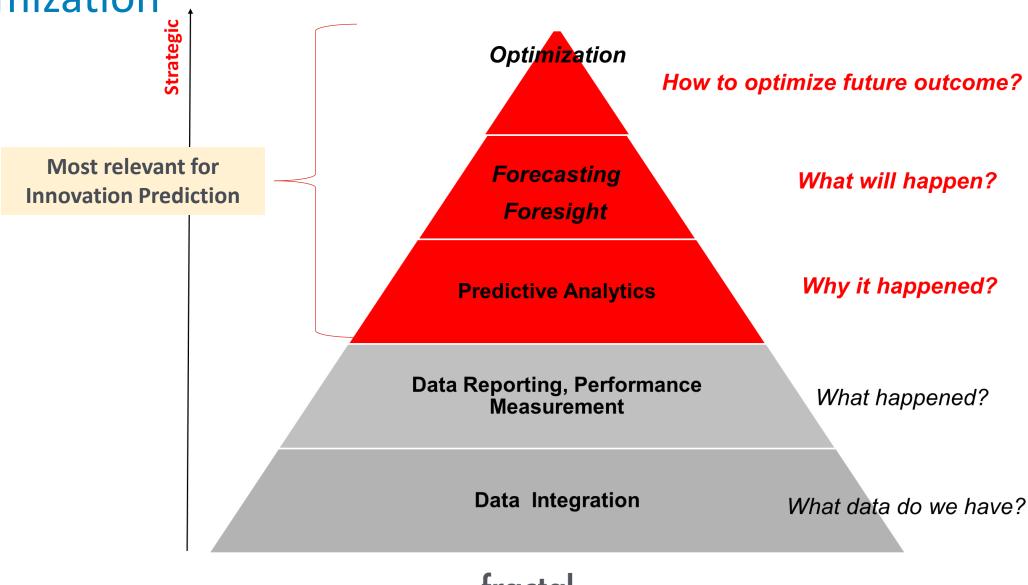
...to create...

...more predictable performance

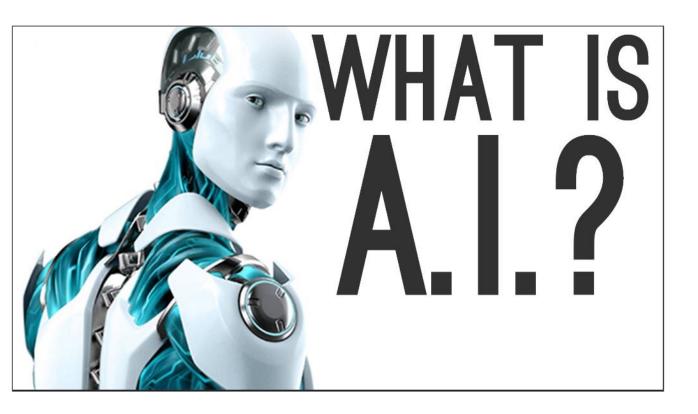


Analytics can be divided into "basic", predictive and foresight,

optimization



What is Al...



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE A program that can sense, reason, act, and adapt **MACHINE LEARNING** Algorithms whose performance improve as they are exposed to more data over time DEEP LEARNING Subset of machine learning in which multilayered neural networks learn from vast amounts of data

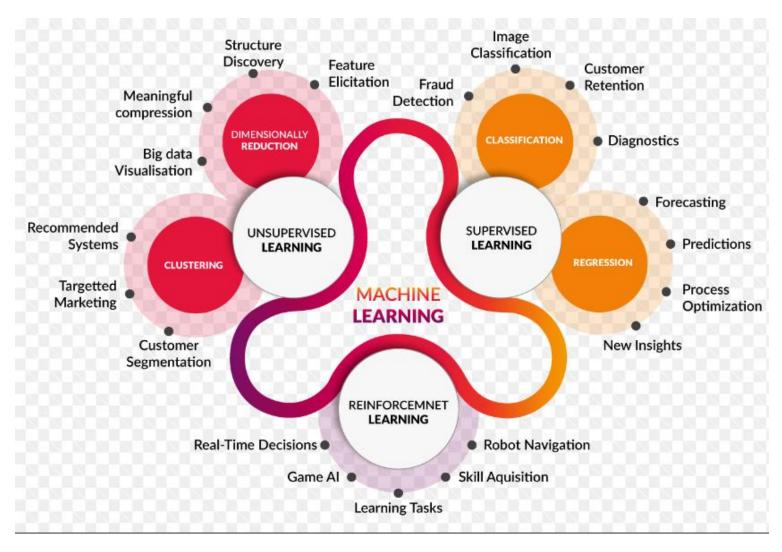
...an Analytics Technique

© 2018 Fractal Analytics Inc. All rights reserved | Confidential

fracta

11

Al Techniques and Applications



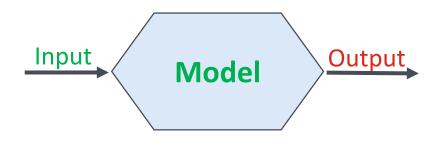


© 2018 Fractal Analytics Inc. All rights reserved | Confidential

Analytics vs. Al

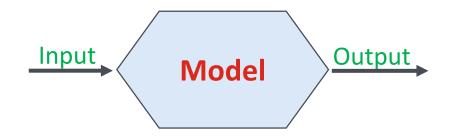
Given Wanted

Analytical Modeling Approach



- Data is **NOT** always needed to develop models
- Knowledge is required
- Can predict future without data

Al Approach



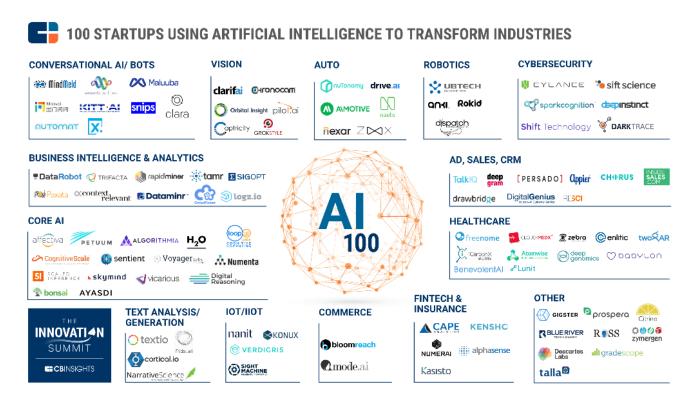
- Data is ALWAYS needed to train models
- No Knowledge required
- Can't predict future if did not exist in past data



© 2018 Fractal Analytics Inc. All rights reserved | Confidential

Al is Everywhere...





...Including, Baking!



Will talk about it later



Recipe chocolate chip and cardamom cookie



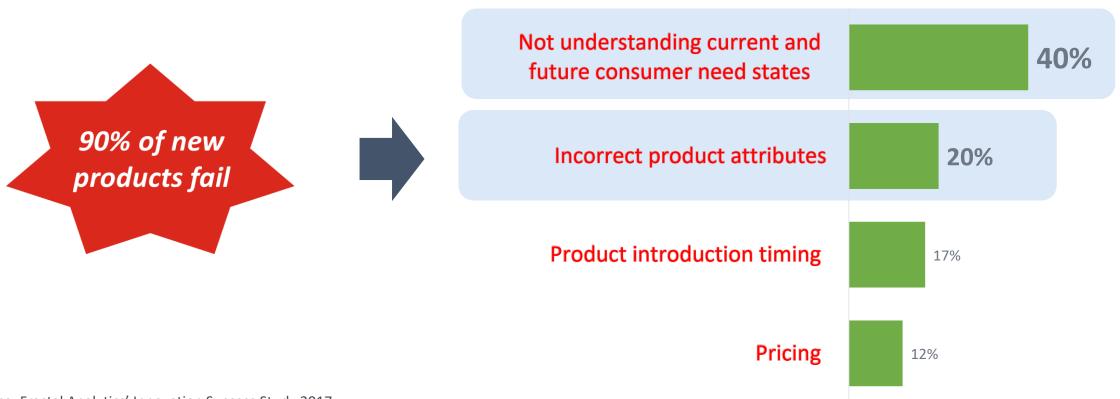


INGRE	DIENTS	DIRECTIONS		
Tapioca starch	1/2 CUP + 2 TBSP	combine all the dry ingredients except the chocolate chips.		
Brown Rice Flour	V2 cup	in a bowl and mix well.		
06 Sugar	3/4 CUP + 15 TBSP			
cardamom	2 tsp	In another bowl, combine all the wet ingredients, and then		
floxseed meal	1.5 TBSP	add to the dry ingredients and mix enough to combine.		
Sorajhum Flour	V4 cup			
Raw Sugar	V4 cup	Add the chocolate chips and fold in until just mixed using a		
xanthan gum	L5 tsp	large spoon, drop on parchment lined sheet pan and bake		
sea salt	L5 tsp	at 350F for about 12 minutes.		
baking soda	I tsp			
chocolate chips	1 cup			
water	3/4 CUP			
Safflower oil	3/4 CUP			

© 2018 Fractal Analytics Inc. All rights reserved | Confidential

Key Reasons for New Product Failure... Do not understand need states and misaligned product attributes

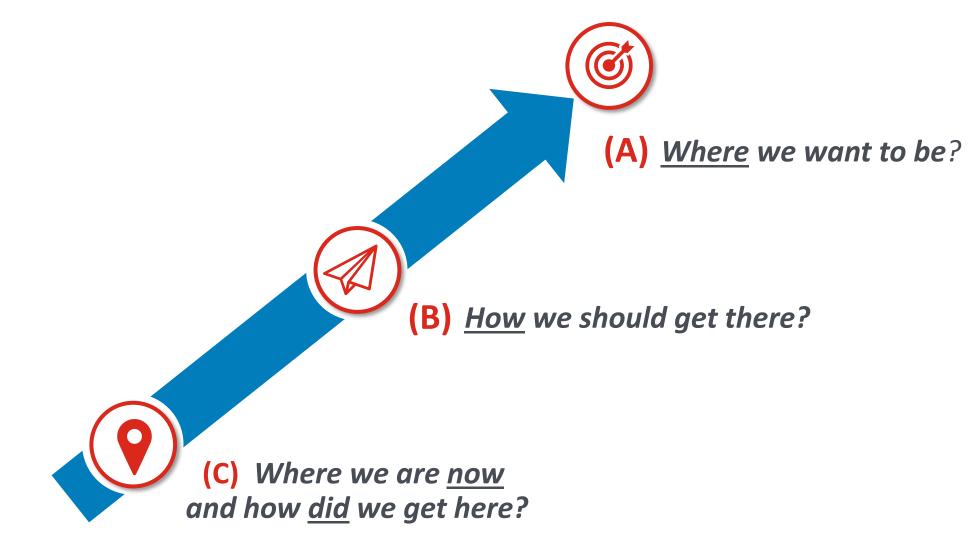
Key Reasons of New Product Failure



Source: Fractal Analytics' Innovation Success Study 2017, 45 Companies (CPG, Pharma, B2B)

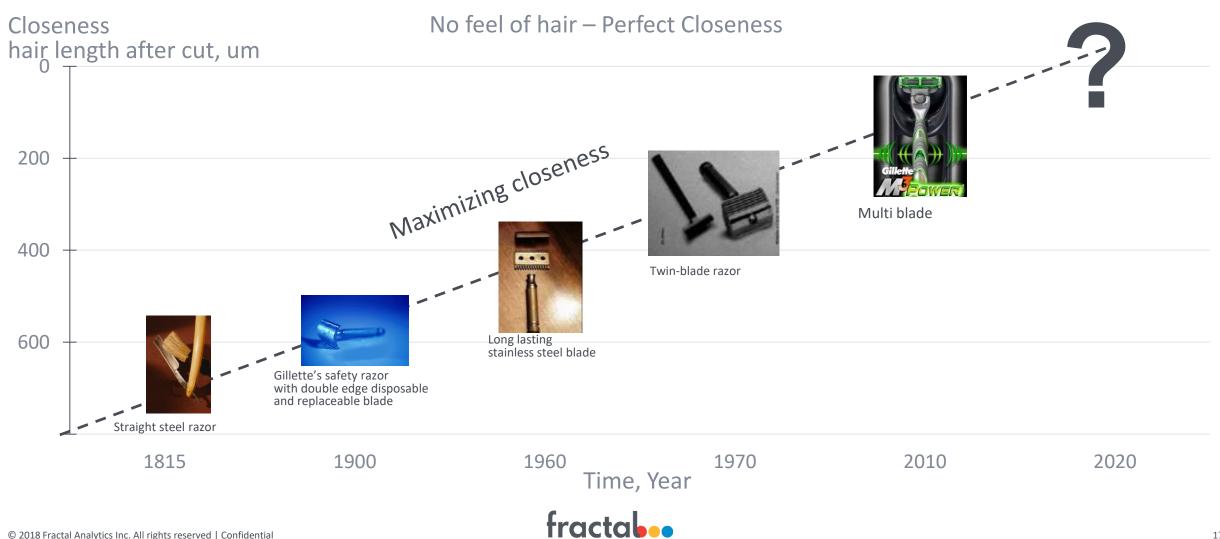


So what do we need for innovation prediction?



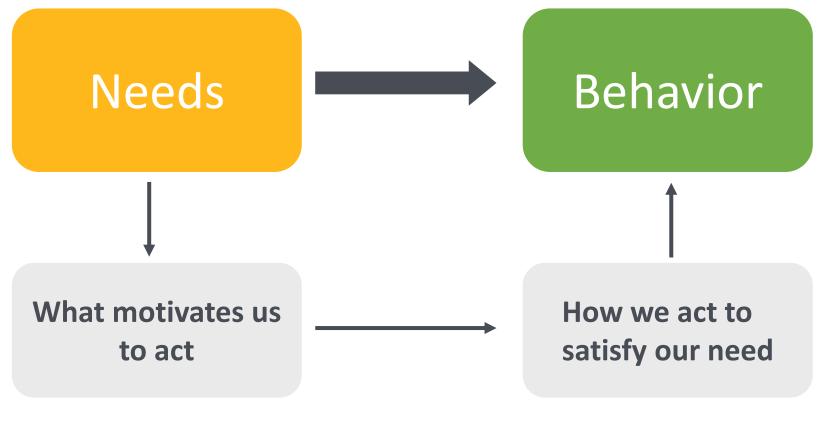
What we want to achieve with Innovation?

Shaving Example



© 2018 Fractal Analytics Inc. All rights reserved | Confidential

Each of us is motivated by our needs. Our needs principally drive our behavior



We know all needs are not equal. We began with basic needs and then...we wanted more!

Self-actualization personal growth and fulfillment

Esteem needs achievement, status, responsibility, reputation

Belongingness and Love needs family, affection, relationships, work group, etc.

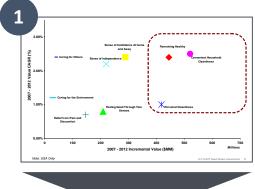
Safety needsprotection, security, order, law, limits, stability, etc

Biological and Physiological needs basic life needs - air, food, drink, shelter, warmth, sex, sleep, etc.

fractaboo

Looking at existing and new need states will uncover new sources of innovation

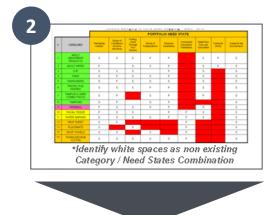




\$ XX MM

CURRENT SOURCES

...Extended footprint...



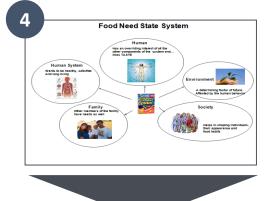
\$ YY MM

...Multiple Need State Combination...



\$ ZZ MM

...TO New /Nonexisting Need States



\$ WW MM

NEW SOURCES OF INNOVATION



© 2018 Fractal Analytics Inc. All rights reserved | Confidential

From combining multiple need states...

FEEL GOOD



LOOK GOOD









...to identifying new needs that do not yet "exist"

SHAVING NEED SYSTEMS

Skin

Protects body and prevents entry of microorganisms



Hair Extension of skin with no sensory organs, assists in appearance



Human

Has an overriding interest of all the other components of the shaving system.

May not completely understand the objectives of other components and their purpose



Shaving Example

Environment

A determining factor of future.

Affected by the human behavior



Helps in shaping individuals, their appearance and habits

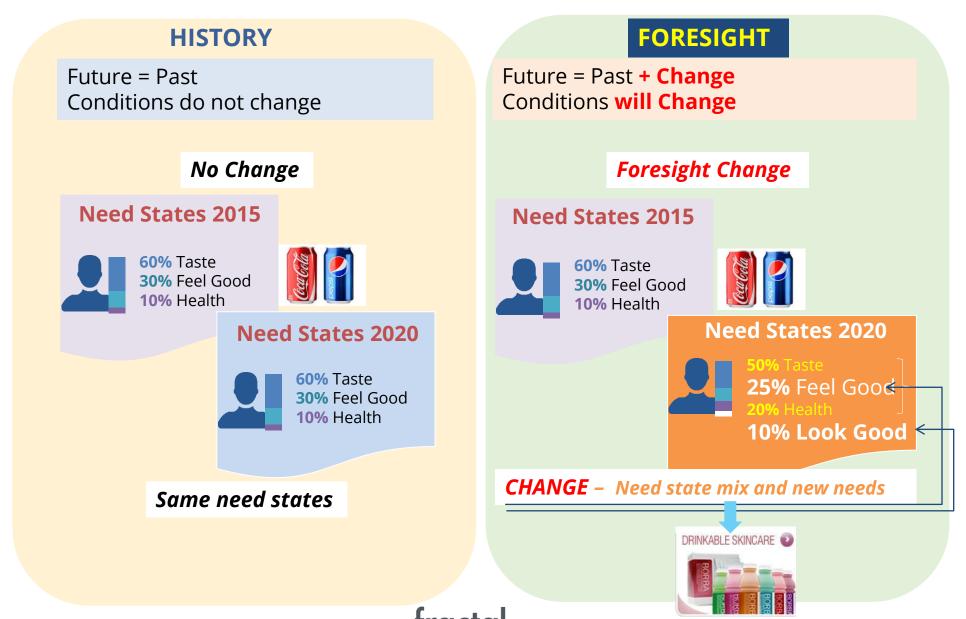


22

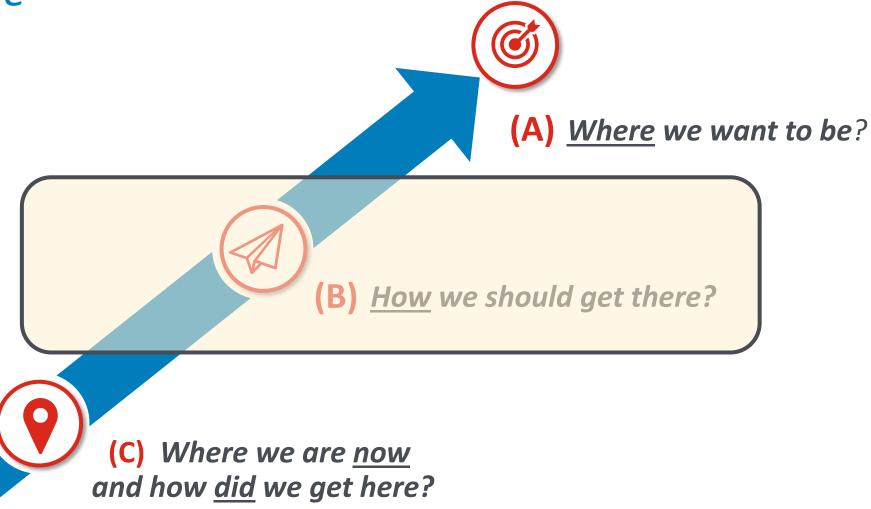
© 2018 Fractal Analytics Inc. All rights reserved | Confidential fractal

23

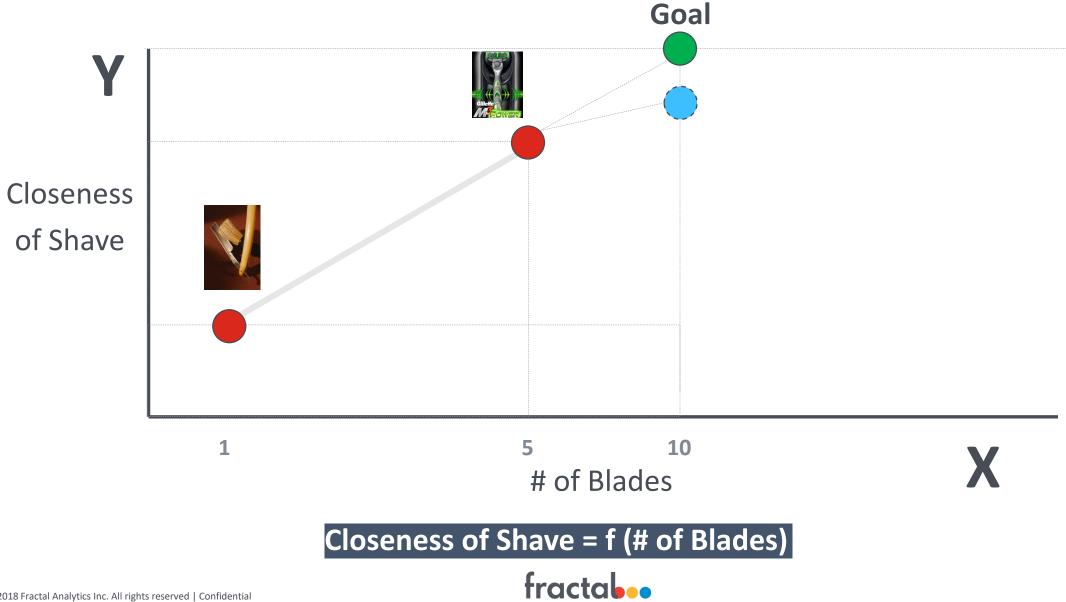
Past Needs may not be...Future Needs



Once the goals defined, we should talk about (B) How we should get there



How we can achieve that goal?



© 2018 Fractal Analytics Inc. All rights reserved | Confidential 25

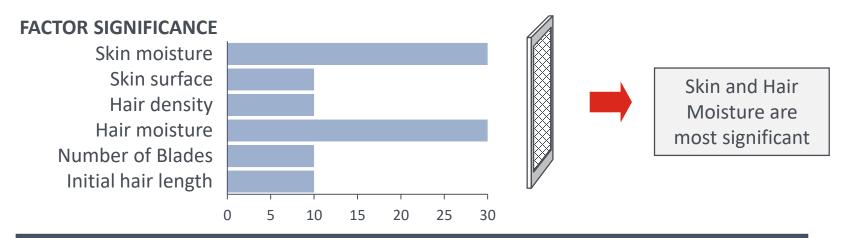
26

But what about Skin Moisture, Hair Moisture, Initial hair Length?

Shaving Example

ANALYTICAL FORMULATION





Closeness of Shave = f (# of Blades, Skin Moisture, Surface, Initial length, ...)

And...Voila! Yes, we predicted this innovation!





You just saw three key pillars of Predictive Innovation

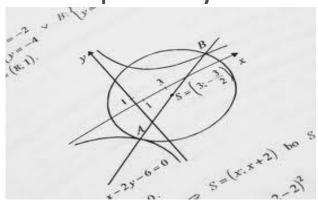
Looking into needs...



...with future in mind...



...more predictably...



...will create...

...sustainable innovation with higher probability of success





© 2018 Fractal Analytics Inc. All rights reserved | Confidential

Innovation Success Factors

WHAT GOALS?

Do we know WHAT innovation is supposed to DELIVER in terms of strategic, marketing and product goals?

WHAT ATTRIBUTES?

Do we know what ATTRIBUTES innovation supposed to have to meet the goals?

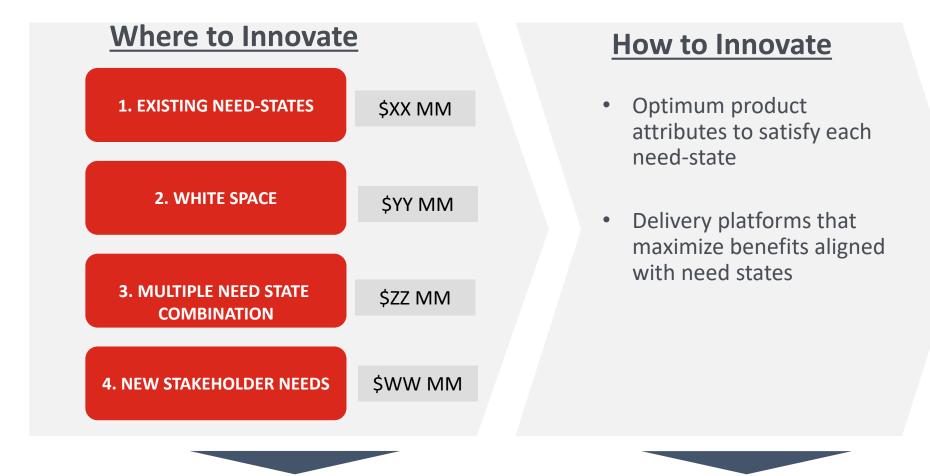
WHERE AND HOW TO SEARCH?

De we know WHERE and HOW we should search for innovation?

WHEN TO BRING TO MARKET?

Do we know how business and customer will CHANGE by the time innovation arrives to the market?

Predictive Innovation has two phases – *Where* and *How* to Innovate

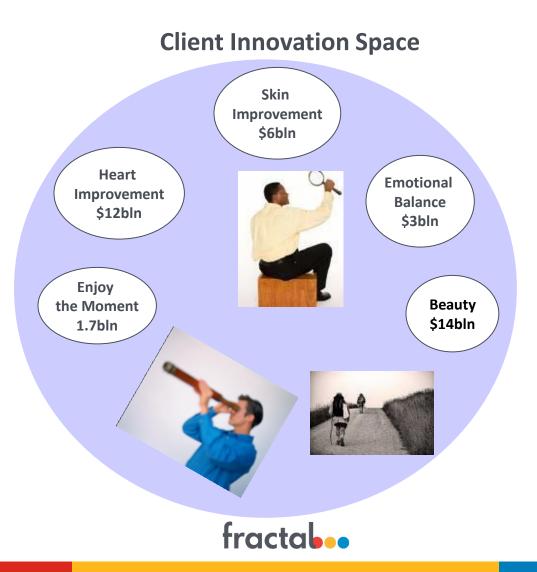


Innovation directions to go after

Optimum innovation platforms and concepts

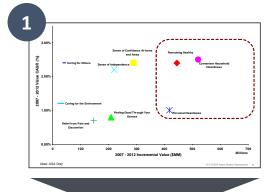


Where to Innovate phase helps identify the areas where innovations will be found



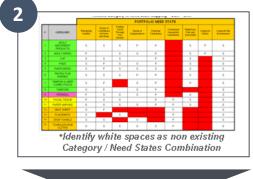
Most attractive need states are identified

FROM Existing Need States...

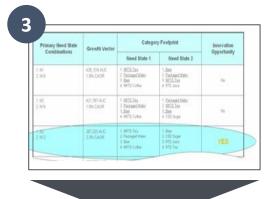


footprint...

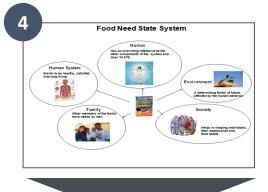
...Extended



...Multiple Need State Combination...



...TO New /Nonexisting Need States



\$ XX MM

Ś YY MM

\$ ZZ MM

\$ WW MM

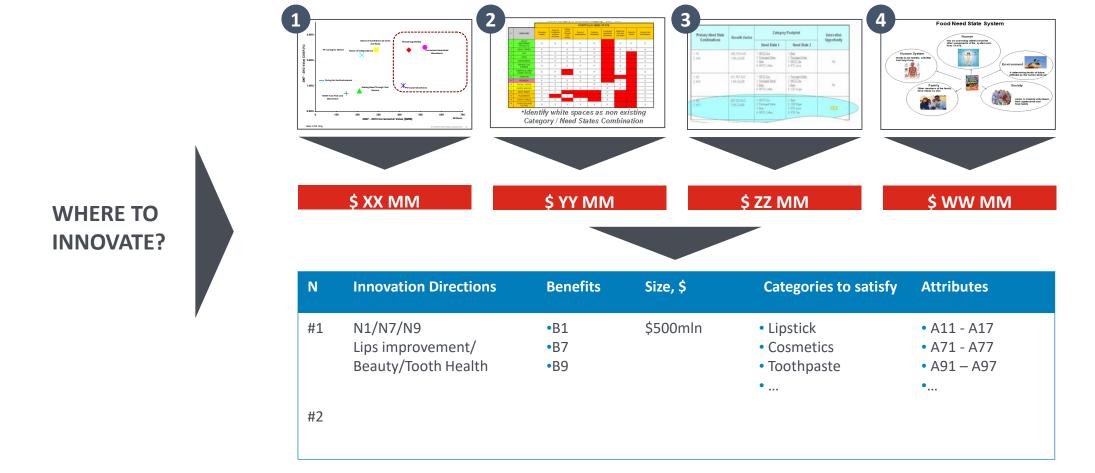
CURRENT SOURCES

NEW SOURCES OF INNOVATION



33

All sources of innovation will be prioritized and will feed into *How to Innovate* phase



How to Innovate phase will identify attributes of future innovations



Mapping need states/benefits to product attributes and defining optimum "attribute mix" will help define innovation directions and concepts



N1/N7/N9 = g(B1/B7/B9)



A1/A7/A9 – new innovation idea

Toothpaste with lips improvement ingredient

N	Need State Combination	Benefits	Size, \$	Categories used to satisfy	Attributes
#1	N1/N7/N9 Lips improvement/ Beauty/Tooth Health	•B1 •B7 •B9	\$500mln	LipstickCosmeticsToothpaste	• A11-A17 • A71 – A77 • A91-A97
#2					

Need State has Benefits delivered via Attributes

$$N1 = f(B1) = g(A11-A17)$$

$$N7 = f(B7) = g(A71-A77)$$

$$N9 = f(B9) = g(A91-A97)$$



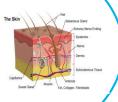
Case Study #1. Shaving...without Shaving?!

You recall this Shaving Need System

Shaving Need System

Skin

Protects body and prevents entry of microorganisms



Human

Has an overriding interest of all the other components of the shaving system. May not completely understand the objectives of other components and their purpose

Environment

A determining factor of future.
Affected by the human behavior



Hair

Extension of skin with no sensory organs, assists in appearance









Society

Helps in shaping individuals, their appearance and habits





Each Shaving Need System's components has its own objectives and needs

Shaving Need System

Shaving System Components	Component Objectives	Desirable Conditions (Needs)				
Hair	To growTo protect human body from heat and cold	No obstruction to active growthTo be left uncut				
Skin	 To protect the human body To provide sense if touch, feel, pressure, heat etc. To prevent micro-organisms from entering the body To stay healthy 	 To be kept clean from dust and dead cells To be kept moist at all times To be allowed to breathe freely 				
Society	 To determine the norms for public behavior 	Humans need to follow an acceptable etiquette				
Environment	 To provide life support for all organisms To enable different forms of life to live in harmony To provide an ideal situation for growth and reproduction of different living organisms 	 No littering of unwanted material No pollution that may prevent life forms from growing 				
Human	To reproduce and growSelf-actualization	 Basic, aesthetic, psychological, social and Economic needs 				

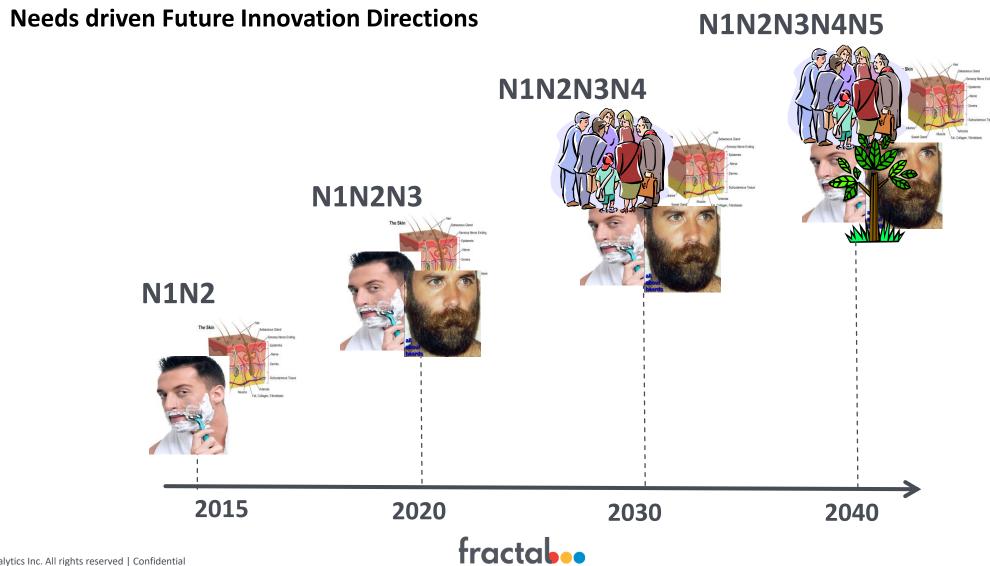


Need Combination Prioritization

Predicting most "attractive" need combinations that most probably occur in future...

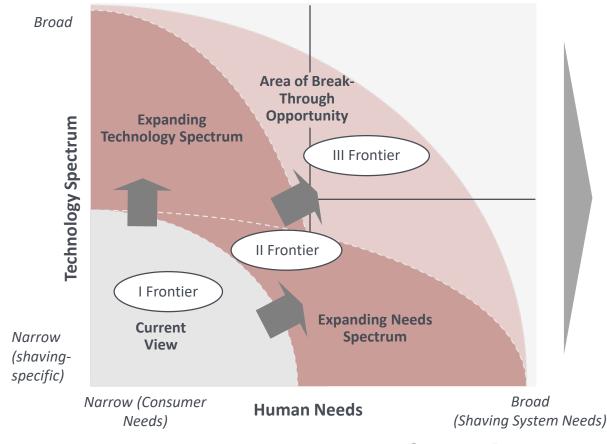
Needs Combinations		Met Vs Unmet Scale 1 to 5 1- Met; 5 - Unmet	Conflict Level Scale 1 to 5 1- high; 5- low	Importance Scale 1 to 5 1 - low; 5- high	Total	
	N1N2	5	5	2	12	
	N1N3	4	5	2	11	
	N1N4	3	4	3	10	
N1. No Obstruction	N1N5	4	5	2	11	
to active hair growth	N2N3	5	5	4	14	
8	N2N4	5	5	5	15	
	N2N5	5	3	4	12	
N2. Skin needs to be	N3N4	3	5	5	13	
free of dead cells and	N3N5	3	5	5	13	
dirt	N4N5	3	3	5	11	
uiit	N1N2N3	5	3	3	11	
	N1N2N4	4	3	3	10	
N3. Shaving system	N1N2N5	4	4	4	12	
needs to be	N1N3N4	5	3	4	12	
	N1N3N5	4	4	3	11	
environmentally safe	N1N4N5	5	3	3	11	
	N2N4N5	5	3	5	13	
N4. Closeness	N2N3N4	5	5	4	14	
1441 Closeness	N2N3N5	4	3	5	12	
	N3N4N5	4	3	5	12	
N5. Lack of nicks and	N1N2N3N4	5	3	3	11	
cuts	N1N2N3N5	5	3	3	11	
	N2N3N4N5	5	3	5	13	
	N1N2N4N5	5	2	3	10	
	N1N2N3N4N5	5	_ 1	3	9	

...will help map future innovations



Staying within current needs will bring only INCREMENTAL improvements; identifying future needs will bring BREAKTHROUGH opportunities

Needs Definition Matrix



Examples

- Human Needs Technologies that will assist young people in learning best shaving techniques
- Shaving System skin improvement through combining shaving with exfoliation

Predictive Innovation...

- Any innovation is a stop in the journey towards maximizing functional, environmental and economical benefits
 - Therefore, Innovation is PREDICTABLE
- Customer needs are evolving in the certain pattern influenced by societal, environmental and human forces
 - Therefore, customer future needs are PREDICTABLE
- Innovation success is a function of right time to market, right needs, right introduction time and right cost
 - Therefore, Innovation success is controllable and PREDICTABLE
- If Innovation success is predictable then Innovation Development Process should be
 - systematic, measurable, controllable and optimized
- Consumer needs define where to innovate
- Maximizing benefits via product functionality determines how to innovate

Predictive Innovation brings more *structure and predictability* to innovation identification and development

key features

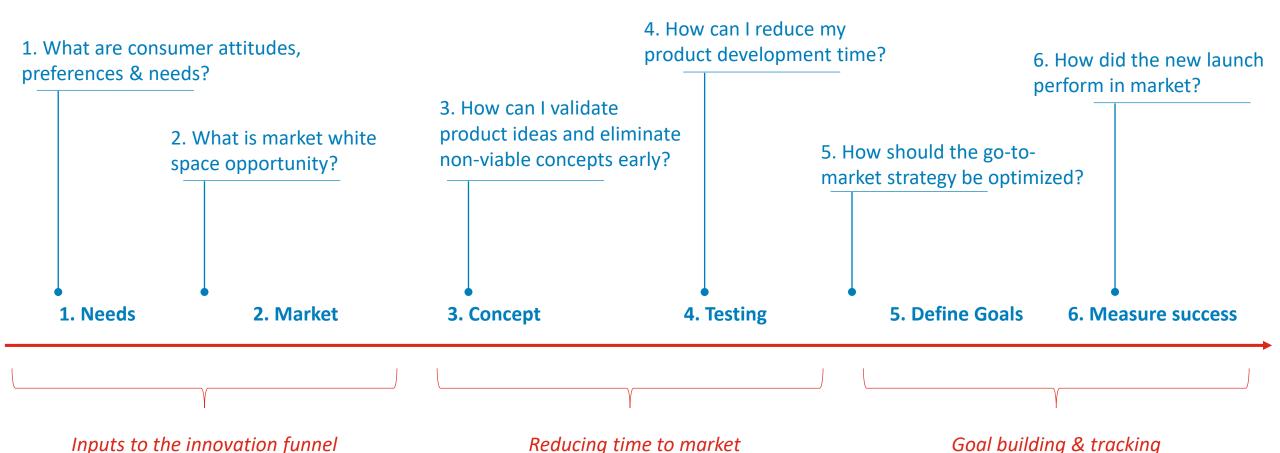
- PI works as the GENERATOR of new ideas based on the CHANGE in consumer needs
- PI GUIDES developers in the MOST PROMISING direction of new innovation
- PI covers WHERE TO LOOK and HOW TO LOOK for innovation

value creation elements

- Helps clients to direct and focus their innovation efforts
- Optimize innovation portfolio to balance the risks and maximize the rewards
- Expedite an innovation area identification and evaluation producing a fast turnaround time
- Provide measurement and predicts ROII allowing for OPTIMUM strategic innovation decisions prior to making large investments

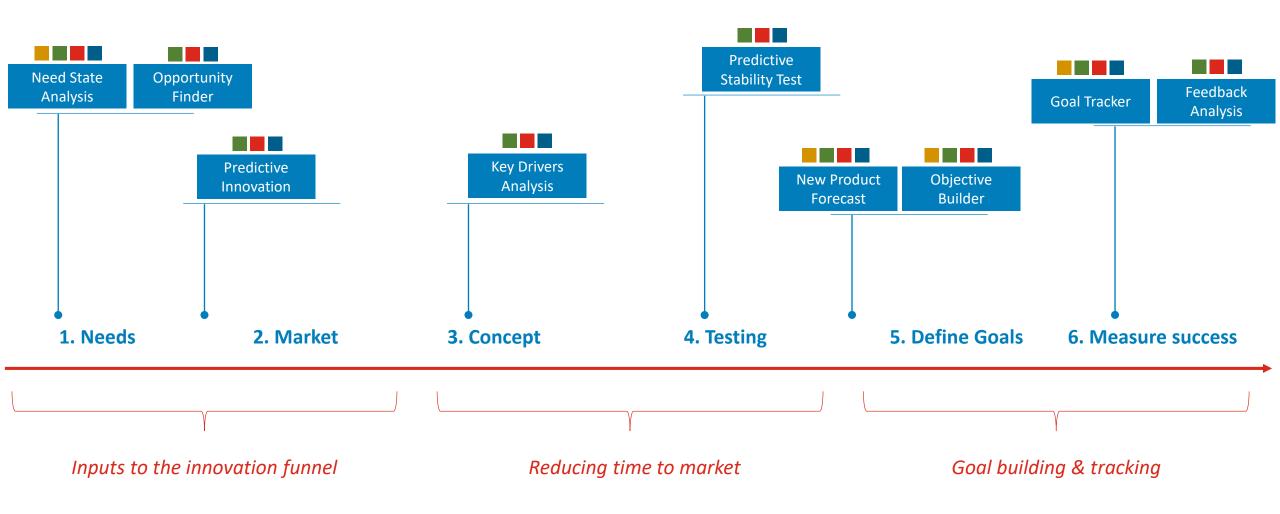


What are the decisions required for a successful innovation?



fracta

Al/Analytics can augment decision making in Innovation Process



So what you learnt today...

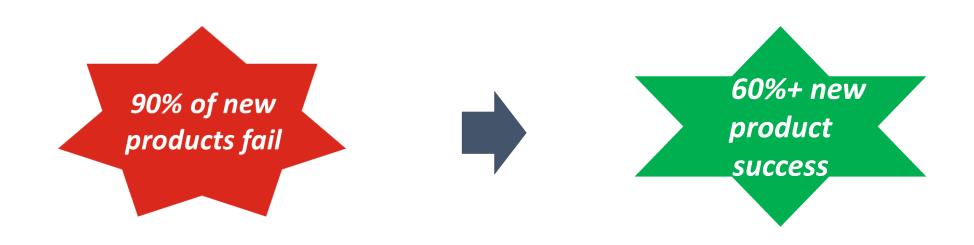
- Why predicting innovation is important topic
- I defined a few things
 what are analytics and AI
 what does it mean to predict innovation?

• I discussed Predictive Innovation process and shared a few examples...

 Finally, shared a few principles for how to improve Innovation Success

- 15% of sales spent on Innovation...
- ...with 90% of failure
- Analytics helps to improve innovation success
- Analytics vs. Al
- To predict Innovation...
 - Goals (need states)
 - How to achieve goals (models, attributes)
- Predictive Innovation
 - Where to Innovation
 - How to Innovate
- Look at Innovation Process **holistically** with clear understanding of goals, individual steps' contribution
- Start with "consumers of tomorrow", anticipate both external (market and technology) trends and internal (e.g. innovation IQ and culture) factors
- **Align** Innovation directions with consumer of tomorrow, optimize attributes to maxim key goals

Predictive Innovation helps improve product success by 30-50%



- In past 10 years, we helped 22 clients identify and develop...
- 128 innovation directions, 15 innovation platforms, 75 innovation concepts
 - ...resulting in total of \$6.7Bn of growth opportunities with 68% of new products assisted by PI launched since 2008 are still on the market!



And here is our best idea so far...



Dog Beer!



Appendix

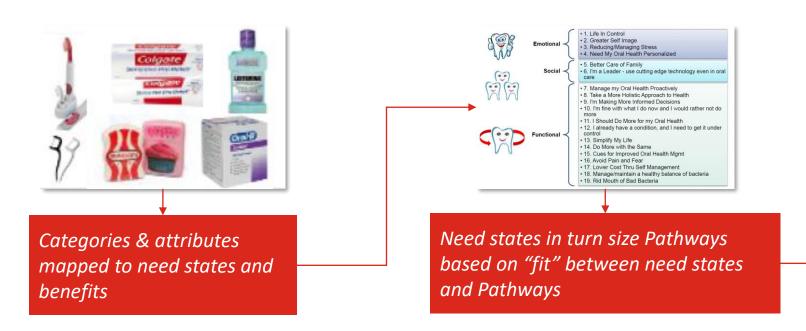


Overview of Innovation Process solutions

#	Solution	Business Questions addressed	Data requirements	Solution/Algorithm
1	Need State Analysis	What is the landscape of my category and how will it evolve in short to medium term? What are the white spaces to address?	Syndicated data Macro economic data	Growth forecast and prioritization
2	Predictive Innovation	Identify future trends in my category	Syndicated data Macro economic data	Business Consulting
3	Opportunity Finder	Identify opportunities based on consumer feedback and response outside test environment	Social Media, Product reviews, Consumer feedback	Natural Language Processing
4	Purchase Intent Driver	Historically, what attributes drive purchase of my products? What are the engaged/disengaged demographics?	Consumer Research surveys	Structured Equation Modeling
5	Concept Testing	What attributes are driving purchase intent?	Consumer Research surveys	Structured Equation Modeling
6	Predictive Stability Test	How can we predict the stability of my formulations and reduce time to market?	LabNet data, SAP PDM data	Ensemble Model
7	New Product Forecast	What should by our go-to-market strategy? What sales lift can we expect?	Syndicated data	Forecasting and simulation
8	Objective Builder & Tracking	What are in-market goals for my new launches? How have they been performing since launch against the goals and benchmarks?	Goals, Syndicated data	Visualization
9	Feedback Analysis	How was my product perceived in market? What is working vs what is not?	Social Media, Product reviews, Consumer feedback	Sentiment Analysis



Need State Analysis – Sizing and prioritizing pathways for growth



HOME COMME IN COMME I

Opportunities

Segment Sales (\$ Millions) Sales CAGR % 10/13 Sersitive MW HerbainNet MW Emerging Growth Fresheing MW Fresh TP Bottery TB Fresheing MW Fresh TP Sensitive TP Whitening Systems Whitening Cash Cows Electric TB Whitening TP Fresheing MW Declining Cash Cows Manual TB Whitening Systems Declining Cash Cows Manual TB Whitening Systems Whitening Systems Declining Cash Cows Fresheing MW Declining Cash Cows Manual TB

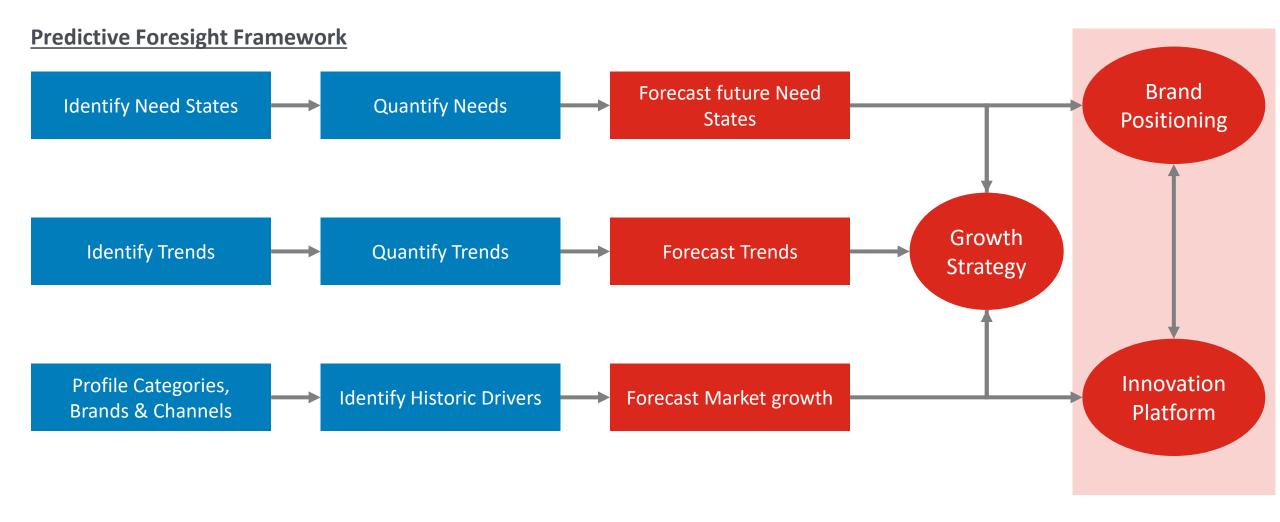
51

Solution approach

- 1. Profile and analyze categories and trends
- 2. Identify need state by category
- 3. Profile and size pathways
- 4. Forecast growth of pathways, need states and categories
- 5. Define growth opportunities
- 6. Provide pathway prioritization

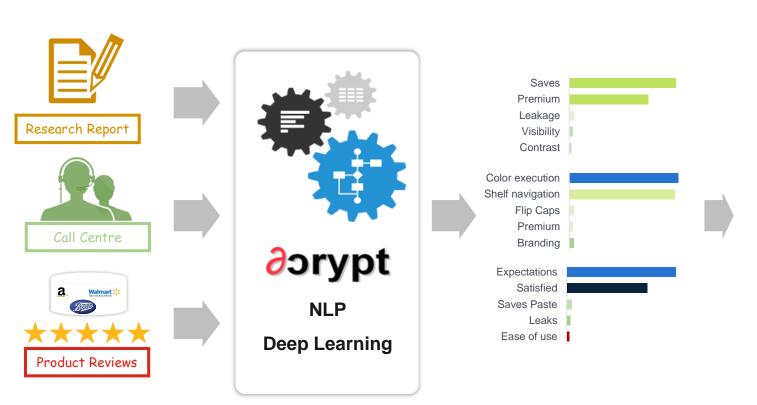


Predictive Innovation uses inputs from Need State Analysis to predictably identify new innovations to maximize success rate



Opportunity Finder – Using AI on unstructured text to discover insight and opportunities

Natural Language Processing through Artificial Intelligence algorithm to discover patterns and themes, non-obvious non-trivial fringe



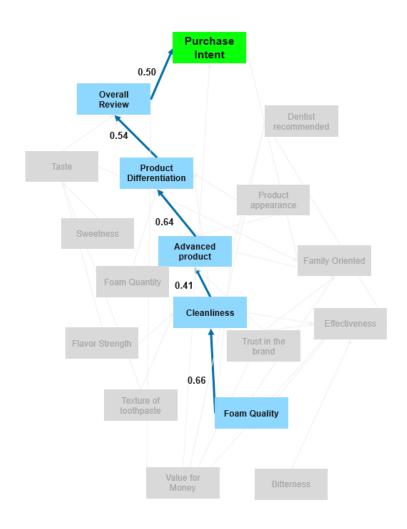




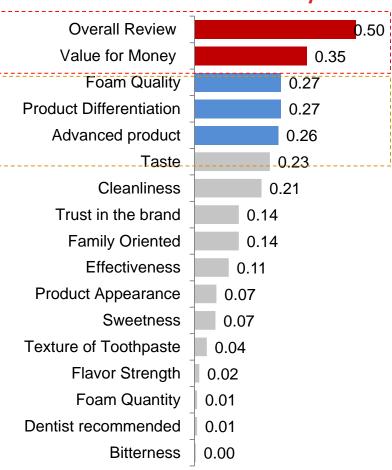
Purchase Intent Driver – Key drivers analysis on survey data

Drivers Analysis can help

- Model the relationship between attributes and purchase intent
- Test multiple hypotheses on the relationship inter-linkages
- Identify the most optimal path to influence purchase intent
- Quantify the total effect of attributes on the purchase intent



Total Effects to 'Purchase Intent' by Factors



54



Predictive Stability Tests – Reducing time to market

Model Design

Backbone & test level

Dental Cream

- Soluble Fluoride test
 NaF / Silica/ Sorbitol backbone
- Soluble Fluoride test
 MFP / CaCO₃ / Arginine backbone
- Arginine test
 MFP / CaCO₃/ Arginine backbone
- Triclosan test
 NaF / Triclosan / Silica backbone

Dishwashing Liquid

- pH test
 North America Alkaline backbone
- Viscosity test
 North America Alkaline backbone
- 7 pH test

Input factors

Ingredients at recipe level

- Role of ingredient
- % level in recipe

Batch description

- Lab, Pilot, EMO, Production

Age of recipe

- Initial, 1 month, 3 months, 6 months, 1 year, 2 years

Condition (Temp)

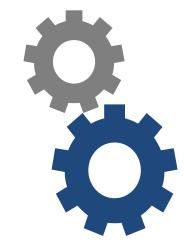
- 25C, 40C

Out of scope

- Packaging
- Composition details
- Recipe making process (sequence of addition)
- Country of recipe

Model iterations

Machine learning techniques to train models



Business validation iterations with Client team





New Product Forecasting – Better way to forecast new product sales

- ✓ Most new launches present some combination of attributes that
 are already in play in the category or in adjacent categories
- ✓ Historical sales data as such can be used to model how attractive
 these attributes are to consumers and the expected sales lift

Benefits

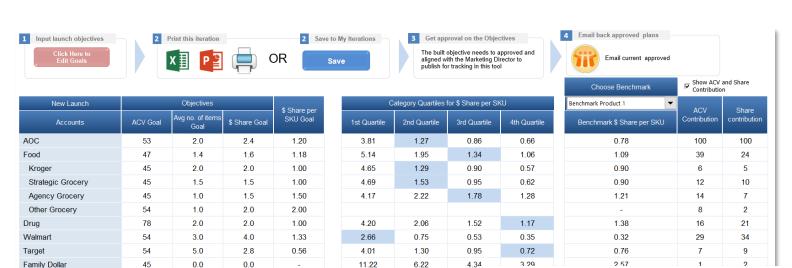
- ✓ Accuracy comparable but at a lower cost and lead time
- ✓ Includes simulator to optimize the go-to-market strategy

Solution Approach

Model Attribute Build Category Attribute Map Develop Forecast Model Develop Simulator Tool Contribution to Demand Identify & size the key Develop Statistical model Develop Statistical Model of Develop a tool to play various product attributes to determine impact of New Product demand; innovation and product launch product attributes on model will incorporate all scenarios product demand drivers identified



Objective Builder & Tracking



6.51

48.50

17.42

4.36

22.05

6.46

Executive

Summary

5.3

Customer

Quartile Chart

Customer

Builds

O View latest month

Customer

Scorecard

View launch to date

Build commercially aligned goals for long lead planning on new products

Trial & Repeat

Notes

57

Disciplined ongoing monitoring of in-market performance through key metrics

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

45

54

0

0

BJs

Other

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

\$ Share		\$ Share per SKU		Overtile Bange	% ACV		Avg no. of items					
Goal	Launch to date	Gap	Goal	Launch to date	Gap	Quartile Range	Goal	Current Distribution	Gap	Goal	Current	Gap
1.6	8.0	(8.0)	0.79	0.56	(0.23)	4Q	73	66	(7)	2.0	1.4	(0.6)
1.3	0.6	(0.7)	0.69	0.70	0.02	4Q	57	50	(7)	1.9	0.9	(0.9)
1.2	0.5	(0.7)	0.67	0.43	(0.24)	4Q	70	61	(9)	1.8	1.1	(0.7)
1.5	0.3	(1.2)	0.83	1.00	0.17	4Q	50	32	(18)	1.8	0.4	(1.4)
1.2	0.9	(0.3)	0.60				30			2.0		
2.8	8.0	(2.0)	1.40	0.96	(0.44)	4Q	85	60	(25)	2.0	0.9	(1.1)
1.5	0.9	(0.6)	0.54	0.33	(0.21)	4Q	100	98	(2)	2.8	2.7	(0.1)
1.5	1.3	(0.2)	0.60	0.66	0.06	4Q	100	99	(1)	2.5	1.9	(0.6)
1.5	0.5	(1.0)	1.88	2.18	-	4Q	80	51	(29)	8.0	0.5	(0.3)
1.5	1.1	(0.4)	1.88	2.71	-	3Q	80	46	(34)	8.0	0.5	(0.3)
0.0	0.0	0.0	-				0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	-				0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	8.0	8.0	-				0			0.0		
	1.6 1.3 1.2 1.5 1.2 2.8 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 0.0	Goal Launch to date 1.6 0.8 1.3 0.6 1.2 0.5 1.5 0.3 1.2 0.9 2.8 0.8 1.5 0.9 1.5 1.3 1.5 0.5 1.5 1.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Goal Launch to date date Gap 1.6 0.8 (0.8) 1.3 0.6 (0.7) 1.2 0.5 (0.7) 1.5 0.3 (1.2) 1.2 0.9 (0.3) 2.8 0.8 (2.0) 1.5 0.9 (0.6) 1.5 1.3 (0.2) 1.5 0.5 (1.0) 1.5 1.1 (0.4) 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Goal Launch to date Gap date Goal 1.6 0.8 (0.8) 0.79 1.3 0.6 (0.7) 0.69 1.2 0.5 (0.7) 0.67 1.5 0.3 (1.2) 0.83 1.2 0.9 (0.3) 0.60 2.8 0.8 (2.0) 1.40 1.5 0.9 (0.6) 0.54 1.5 1.3 (0.2) 0.60 1.5 0.5 (1.0) 1.88 1.5 1.1 (0.4) 1.88 0.0 0.0 0.0 - 0.0 0.0 0.0 -	Goal Launch to date Gap Goal Launch to date 1.6 0.8 (0.8) 0.79 0.56 1.3 0.6 (0.7) 0.69 0.70 1.2 0.5 (0.7) 0.67 0.43 1.5 0.3 (1.2) 0.83 1.00 1.2 0.9 (0.3) 0.60 0.60 2.8 0.8 (2.0) 1.40 0.96 1.5 0.9 (0.6) 0.54 0.33 1.5 1.3 (0.2) 0.60 0.66 1.5 0.5 (1.0) 1.88 2.18 1.5 1.1 (0.4) 1.88 2.71 0.0 0.0 0.0 - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 - -	Goal Launch to date Gap Goal Launch to date Gap date 1.6 0.8 (0.8) 0.79 0.56 (0.23) 1.3 0.6 (0.7) 0.69 0.70 0.02 1.2 0.5 (0.7) 0.67 0.43 (0.24) 1.5 0.3 (1.2) 0.83 1.00 0.17 1.2 0.9 (0.3) 0.60 0.60 2.8 0.8 (2.0) 1.40 0.96 (0.44) 1.5 0.9 (0.6) 0.54 0.33 (0.21) 1.5 1.3 (0.2) 0.60 0.66 0.06 1.5 0.5 (1.0) 1.88 2.18 - 1.5 1.1 (0.4) 1.88 2.71 - 0.0 0.0 0.0 - - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 - -	Goal Launch to date Gap date Goal Launch to date Gap date Quartile Range 1.6 0.8 (0.8) 0.79 0.56 (0.23) 4Q 1.3 0.6 (0.7) 0.69 0.70 0.02 4Q 1.2 0.5 (0.7) 0.67 0.43 (0.24) 4Q 1.5 0.3 (1.2) 0.83 1.00 0.17 4Q 1.2 0.9 (0.3) 0.60 0.60 0.96 (0.44) 4Q 1.5 0.9 (0.6) 0.54 0.33 (0.21) 4Q 1.5 1.3 (0.2) 0.60 0.66 0.06 4Q 1.5 0.5 (1.0) 1.88 2.18 - 4Q 1.5 1.1 (0.4) 1.88 2.71 - 3Q 0.0 0.0 0.0 - - - - -	Goal Launch to date Gap date Goal Launch to date Gap date Goal Coal Launch to date Goal Goal Cuartile Range Goal 1.6 0.8 (0.8) 0.79 0.56 (0.23) 4Q 73 1.3 0.6 (0.7) 0.69 0.70 0.02 4Q 57 1.2 0.5 (0.7) 0.67 0.43 (0.24) 4Q 70 1.5 0.3 (1.2) 0.83 1.00 0.17 4Q 50 1.2 0.9 (0.3) 0.60 0.60 0.96 (0.44) 4Q 85 1.5 0.9 (0.6) 0.54 0.33 (0.21) 4Q 100 1.5 1.3 (0.2) 0.60 0.66 0.06 4Q 100 1.5 0.5 (1.0) 1.88 2.18 - 4Q 80 1.5 1.1 (0.4) 1.88 2.71 -	Goal Launch to date Gap Goal Launch to date Gap Quartile Range 1.6 0.8 (0.8) 0.79 0.56 (0.23) 4Q 73 66 1.3 0.6 (0.7) 0.69 0.70 0.02 4Q 57 50 1.2 0.5 (0.7) 0.67 0.43 (0.24) 4Q 70 61 1.5 0.3 (1.2) 0.83 1.00 0.17 4Q 50 32 1.2 0.9 (0.3) 0.60 30 30 30 32 1.2 0.9 (0.3) 0.60 30 30 30 32 2.8 0.8 (2.0) 1.40 0.96 (0.44) 4Q 85 60 1.5 0.9 (0.6) 0.54 0.33 (0.21) 4Q 100 98 1.5 1.3 (0.2) 0.60 0.66 0.06 4Q 100 99	Goal Launch to date Gap Goal Launch to date Gap Goal Launch to date Gap Goal Current Distribution Gap Distribution 1.6 0.8 (0.8) 0.79 0.56 (0.23) 4Q 73 66 (7) 1.3 0.6 (0.7) 0.69 0.70 0.02 4Q 57 50 (7) 1.2 0.5 (0.7) 0.67 0.43 (0.24) 4Q 70 61 (9) 1.5 0.3 (1.2) 0.83 1.00 0.17 4Q 50 32 (18) 1.2 0.9 (0.3) 0.60 0.60 30 30 (25) 2.8 0.8 (2.0) 1.40 0.96 (0.44) 4Q 85 60 (25) 1.5 0.9 (0.6) 0.54 0.33 (0.21) 4Q 100 98 (2) 1.5 1.3 (0.2) 0.60 0.66	Goal Launch to date Gap date Goal Launch to date Gap date Goal Current Distribution Gap Distribution G	Coal Launch to date Gap Goal Launch to date Gap Goal Current Distribution Gap Goal Current

Trend Visuals

